

TO-DO-LIST: 11.05.2020 – 17.05.2020

a) LANGUAGE IN USE

1 Make your Way 7, p. 164, Ex. 17

2 Make your Way 7, p. 177, Ex. 15

3 Exercise – advertising ban on cigarettes:

You are going to read a text about an advertising ban on cigarettes. Some forms are missing from the text. Choose from the list (A–L) the correct part for each gap (1–9) in the text. There are two extra forms you should not use. Write your answers in the boxes provided. The first one (0) has been done for you.

In many countries, governments are discussing a ban on cigarette advertisements ... (0) smoking is certainly one of the most harmful activities. ... (Q1), when you look at advertisements for cigarettes, smoking is usually presented as something ... (Q2) provides freedom and is ... (Q3) a form of expressing oneself. ... (Q4) the positive feelings that are generated through advertising, smoking is a hazard and contributes enormously to rising health costs. A ban on smoking would immediately pay off ... (Q5) it would reduce the number of people who suffer from lung cancer and other related diseases.



... (Q6) young people learn a lot about the negative effects of smoking in school, many teenagers take up smoking ... (Q7) they think they are young and healthy ... (Q8) nothing can harm them. Advertising contributes to this feeling as pictures are much more powerful than words. Printing health warnings on cigarette packs is one way of reminding smokers that their habit is detrimental to their health, ... (Q9) young people tend to ignore these grim messages.

The countries which have imposed an advertising ban on smoking have shown the way. The question remains: Why don't the other countries follow?

A	and	F	however	K	that	0	J	Q5
B	as	G	if	L	while	Q1		Q6
C	because	H	in spite of			Q2		Q7
D	but	I	just			Q3		Q8
E	even though	J	since			Q4		Q9

Read the text above again and find synonyms (s = words with the same meaning) and antonyms (a = opposites) for the words below.

- bad for your health (s): harmful
- independence (s):
- to be effective (s):
- to increase (a):
- to start (s):
- harmful (a):
- strong (s):
- to help sb. forget (a):
- to have a negative effect (s):
- dreadful (s):

b) LISTENING

Go to the website www.matura.gv.at / SRDP / Lebende Fremdsprachen / Frühere Prüfungsaufgaben / Englisch / Hören / Nebentermin 1 AHS... - 23.09.2019

Do the four listening tasks and check your results!

c) READING

Make your Way 7, p. 150/151, Ex. 15

Make your Way 7, p. 155/156, Ex. 5 & 6

d) BOOK PROJECT:

Finish the book project and send your post-reading activities to nicole.schatz@gmx.at ☺

e) ENGLISH EXERCISES

1 Match the underlined verb forms in the sentences (1–10) with the names of the tenses and verb forms (a–i). One tense is used in two sentences.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| a Present Simple | f Past Continuous |
| b Present Continuous | g Past Perfect |
| c Present Perfect | h <i>going to</i> |
| d Present Perfect Continuous | i <i>will</i> |
| e Past Simple | |

- 1 He'd finished by 7 p.m.
- 2 Are you going to tell us?
- 3 I wasn't laughing at you.
- 4 He told us.
- 5 Do you like this?
- 6 I've been doing it for ages.
- 7 They won't come.
- 8 It isn't raining.
- 9 Did she help you?
- 10 We've won!

(Score: 10)

2 Complete the sentences with the appropriate form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 (Tony/phone) you yesterday?
- 2 She's very shy and (not like) big parties.
- 3 The lecture (start) by the time we arrived.
- 4 (you/study) Chinese at college at the moment?
- 5 I (travel) round the world when I leave college.
- 6 I (cycle) home when the accident happened.
- 7 I promise I (not do) it again.
- 8 (you/see) this film? – No, never.
- 9 Listen! My dad (sing) in the bathroom!
- 10 Sorry I'm so late. – What happened? I (wait) here for over an hour.

(Score: 10)

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of these multi-part verbs. There is one extra multi-part verb.

check in get at get by get on with
put up with take off

- 1 Their plane at 8 p.m. last night.
- 2 Sam's mother is always him because of his untidiness.
- 3 How do you Fiona? – Really well. We're good friends.
- 4 We have to at the airport two hours before our flight.
- 5 They haven't got a lot of money but they

(Score: 5)

4 Choose the correct linking word in the sentences.

- 1 She felt ill *because/so/in case* she went home early.
- 2 *If/When/After* leaving school, he spent a year in the USA.
- 3 *Although/However/Anyway* she failed her driving test the first time, she passed it the second time.
- 4 The hotel had got two fantastic swimming pools *too/also/in addition to* tennis courts, a gymnasium and a golf course.
- 5 *Despite/In spite/Although* being injured, he continued playing and won the match.

(Score: 5)

5 Complete the sentences with personality words.

- 1 She never thinks about other people's feelings and often upsets her friends by her i..... remarks.
- 2 He's completely r..... and always keeps a promise.
- 3 Pete can be a bit m..... . I never know if he's going to be happy, miserable or angry!
- 4 She's got lots of friends and is one of the most p..... girls in the school.
- 5 Ann doesn't find it easy to express her feelings or opinions. She's always been rather r..... .

(Score: 5)

6 Match the sentences (1–5) and adjectives (a–f). There is one extra adjective.

- 1 They always say 'Please' and 'Thank you'.
- 2 They never get into trouble with the police.
- 3 They don't like changing their customs and way of life.
- 4 They're very proud of being Welsh.
- 5 They earn a lot and have a high standard of living.

- a law-abiding
b nationalistic
c polite
d multicultural
e wealthy
f traditional

(Score: 5)

7 Put the words in brackets into the correct form.

Sue is a (1 practice) person and usually does things (2 logic) and (3 sense) Her brother, Tom, says she can be a bit (4 bore) because she isn't very (5 imagination) He's (6 create) and (7 ideal) but he's not very (8 tolerate) or (9 sympathy). Sue says he often behaves (10 selfish)

(Score: 10)

8 Complete the groups of prefixes with these words.

appear believe comfortable convenient dress
helpful pack patient possible tolerant

Adjectives

1 in.....

2 in.....

3 un.....

4 un.....

5 im.....

6 im.....

Verbs

7 un.....

8 un.....

9 dis.....

10 dis.....